



VERMILION AT A GLANCE



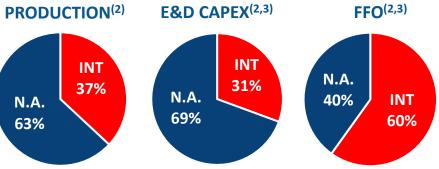
Market Summary	
VET Trading Price (Sept. 30, 2024)	\$13.20 (TSX), US\$9.77 (NYSE)
Shares Outstanding (Sept. 30, 2024)	155.3 MM
Average Daily Trading Volume (shares)	0.8 MM (TSX), 1.2 MM (NYSE)
Quarterly Dividend	\$0.12/share

Capital Structure	
Market Capitalization	\$2.1 B
Enterprise Value	\$3.0 B
Net Debt ⁽¹⁾ (June 30, 2024)	\$0.9 B
Long-term Debt (June 30, 2024)	\$0.9 B
Net Debt-to-FFO Ratio ⁽¹⁾ (June 30, 2024)	0.7x

Guidance	2024
Production (boe/d)	83,000-86,000
Q3 2024 production (boe/d)	83,000 - 85,000
E&D Capital Expenditures ^(1,3)	\$600-625MM

All financial data is reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated





Internationally diversified asset base with exposure to premium global commodity prices

(1) For information relating to this measure incorporated by reference into this presentation, refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Specified Financial Measures" section in Vermilion's MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Net debt includes net working capital. (2) Based on company 2024 estimates and 2024 full year average reference prices as at September 3, 2024 (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide). Includes existing hedges. (3) Non-GAAP financial measure or ratio.





KEY ATTRIBUTES





International energy company with 30 years operating in Europe and North America



Diversified portfolio delivers outsized free cash flow, with top quartile netbacks, low declines, and enhanced capital allocation optionality



Strong FCF⁽¹⁾ underpinned by robust asset base and unique opportunity for high-return international deals



Financially disciplined with a focus on a strong balance sheet and increasing return of capital



Strong focus on ESG and sustainability performance for more than a decade







- Osterheide well (100% WI) tested at a restricted rate of 17 mmcf/d⁽¹⁾ with 4,625 psi wellhead pressure, on track to bring on production first half of 2025, expect well to produce at a restricted rate
- Commenced drilling Wisselshorst well (30% WI) in August 2024
- Accelerated third exploration well (100% WI), a higher chance of success prospect expected to commence drilling in Q4 2024

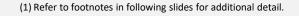
Croatia Gas Development

- Commissioned SA-10 gas plant in late June 2024, have successfully increased production to over 2,000 boe/d (100% gas) in Q3 2024
- Tested third SA-7 well at 5.6 mmcf/d⁽¹⁾, in process of testing fourth well of successful four-well program, expect results later this year
- Very encouraged with results from our initial SA-7 exploration program which de-risked future development targets across four discrete areas

BC Montney Development

- Brought on production five (5.0 net) wells from our 9-21 pad, produced at average IP60⁽¹⁾ rate of over 1,050 boe/d (46% liquids)⁽¹⁾
- Continue to realize cost savings on each consecutive pad as we apply learnings and incorporate new infrastructure and processes
- New battery and water infrastructure had 99% run time since starting up and are contributing to these cost savings



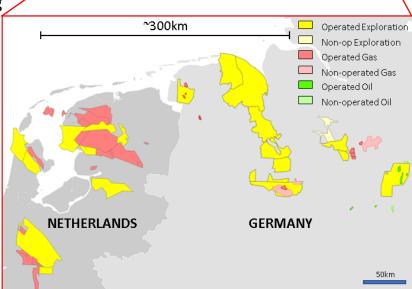




GERMANY GAS EXPLORATION PROGRAM

- Successfully completed the Osterheide well (100% WI), flow tested at a restricted rate of $17 \text{ mmcf/d}^{(1)}$ with a wellhead pressure of 4,625 psi
 - Flow rate was constrained by limitations on the testing equipment
 - Expect on-stream in H1/25 at restricted rate, receiving premium European gas pricing
- Commenced drilling the Wisselshorst well (30% WI) in August 2024, a higher risk prospect
 - Targeting a very large structure, success on this well could allow for several follow-up locations
 - Farmed down 30% WI to reduce risked capital requirements and further enhance project returns
- Expect to spud third well (100% WI) in Q4 2024, a higher chance of success prospect
 - o Targeting a large structure, success on this well could allow for follow-up drilling





(1) Osterheide Z2-2 well (100% working interest) is currently being tested. Flow rates, during the initial clean-up phase, of up to approx. 490,000 m3(Vn)/d with a flowing wellhead pressure of 4,625 psi on an adjustable choke were achieved. These initial flow results translate into an AOF of 986,000 m3(Vn)/d. The completion fluid was recovered during the clean-up flow period. The zone being tested is the Rotliegend Wustrow formation which was encountered at 5,757m MD and a 42.0 m gas column was logged with 13.8 m of net reservoir and average effective porosity of 8.3%. Test results are not necessarily indicative of long-term performance or ultimate recovery.



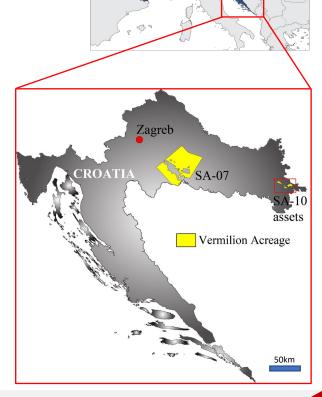


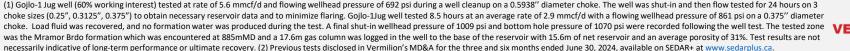
CROATIA GAS DEVELOPMENT

- Completed testing operations on the third well of our four-well program on the SA-7 block
 - Well tested at 5.6 mmcf/d⁽¹⁾, building on results of 300 bbls/d and 4.5 mmcf/d⁽²⁾ for first two wells tested in Q2 2024
 - Plan to test the fourth and final well of this program in Q4 2024, expect results later this year
 - 2024 exploration program proved up multiple producing zones and de-risked future development and exploration targets across four discrete areas
- Installation of the gas plant on SA-10 block completed, plant was commissioned and started in late Q2 2024, current production levels now exceeding 2,000 boe/d

Plan to maintain production on the SA-10 block in future years to maximize free cash flow



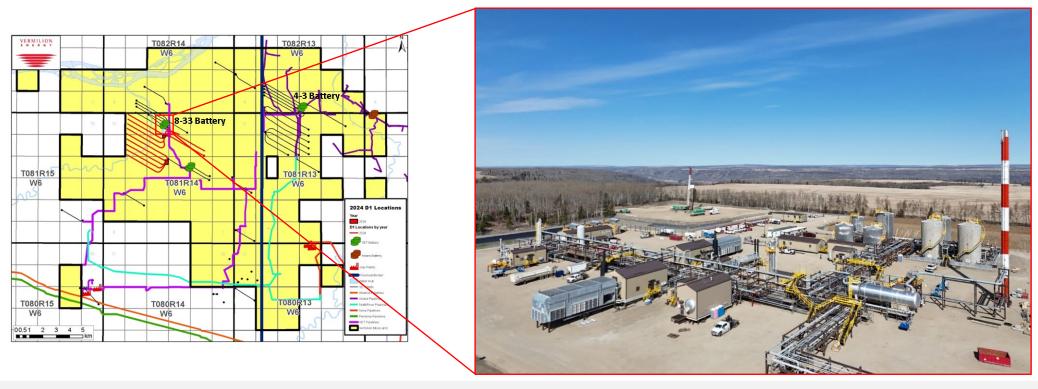


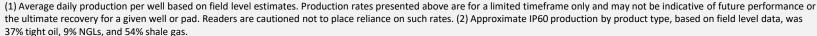




BC MONTNEY DEVELOPMENT

- Brought on production five (5.0 net) wells on the 9-21 BC pad, wells produced at average IP60 $^{(1)}$ rate of over 1,050 boe/d (46% liquids) $^{(2)}$
 - Total DCET costs were approximately \$9.6 million per well as we continue to make progress towards our normalized targeted cost range of \$9.0 to \$9.5 million per well
- Construction on 16,000 boe/d oil battery and water hub were completed on time and on budget, battery was started
 in Q2 2024, battery and water hub have achieved 99% run time since starting up











CAPITAL ALLOCATION PRIORITIES



Maintain Strong
Balance Sheet

Net debt to trailing FFO ratio is less than 1.0x



Maintain Robust
Asset Base

Rolling 10-year plan of stable production while retaining int'l weighting



Provide Resilient & Increasing Base Dividend

Base dividend represents less than 10% of FFO



Increase Return of Capital As Debt Decreases

NCIB approval to repurchase 10% of public float (16MM shares)

Return of Capital Strategy

- 2024 return of capital target increased to 50% of excess FCF⁽¹⁾ via base dividend and share buybacks
- Quarterly base dividend increased 25% in 2023 and 20% in 2024, intend to provide ratable dividend increases
- Repurchased 15.7 million shares⁽²⁾ since July 2022, including 8.0 million shares⁽²⁾ year-to-date 2024, reducing share count by 4.3% year-to-date to 155.3 million

Disciplined capital allocation focused on creating long term shareholder value

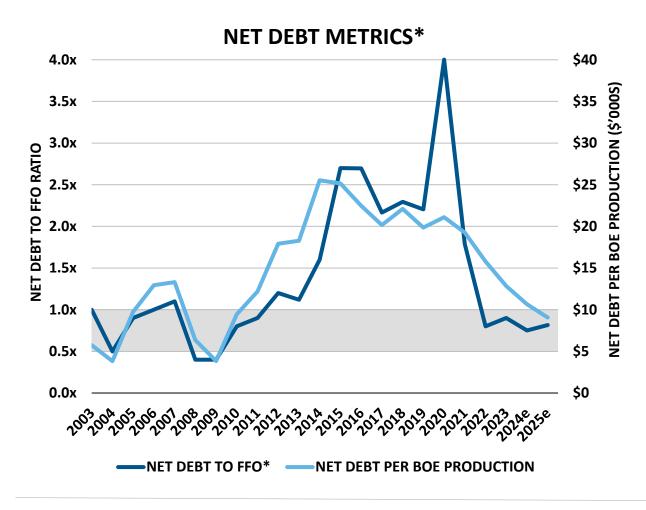
(1) Non-GAAP financial measure, forward looking measure or ratio. Excess FCF defined as free cash flow less a deduction for asset retirement obligations settled and capital lease payments, which are ongoing costs associated with running our business, and more accurately reflects the free cash available to return to shareholders.
(2) Shares purchased to September 30, 2024.

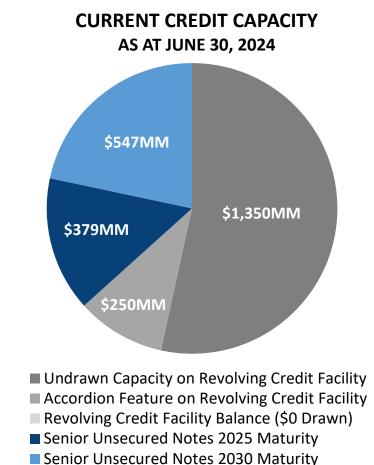




FINANCIAL LEVERAGE







Lowest leverage in over a decade and \$1.6 billion of liquidity



^{*} Reflects period-end net debt to four quarter trailing fund flows from operations, for further information refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Specified Financial Measures" section in Vermilion's MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. 2024e and 2025e based on company estimates and full year average reference prices as at September 3, 2024 (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide).







Acquired Leucrotta Exploration, adding strategic Montney assets and significantly enhancing the depth and quality of our drilling inventory

Closed acquisition of Equinor's 36.5% interest in the Corrib gas project in Ireland, significantly increasing our exposure to premium-priced European gas

Divested select non-core southeast Saskatchewan assets, reducing asset retirement obligations and unlocking capital to accelerate debt reduction

Increased capital allocation to our organic development opportunities in the BC Montney and Germany, translating inorganic growth into organic development

Drilled four successful exploration wells and signed an agreement with INA Group to jointly develop the SA-7 block, gaining local expertise and access to existing infrastructure

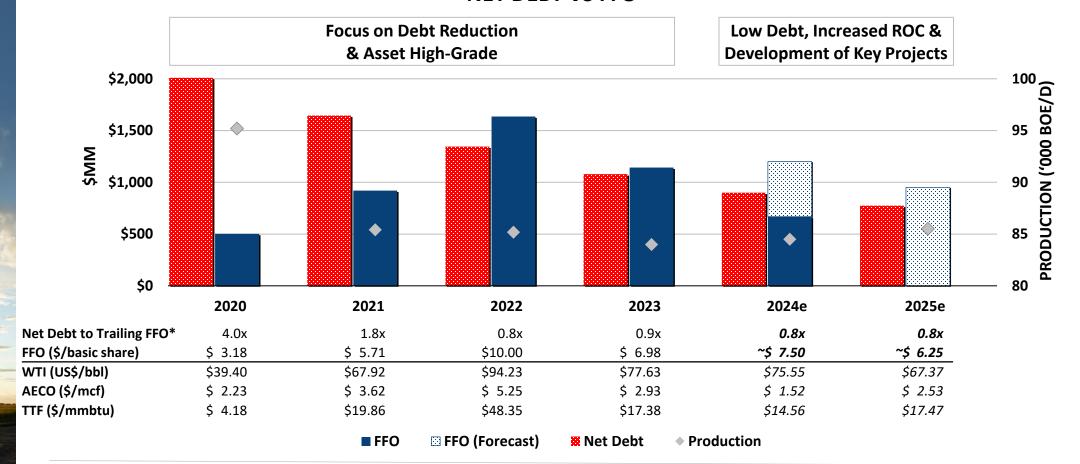
HIGHER FREE CASH FLOW PER BOE **INCREASED EUROPEAN GAS EXPOSURE INCREASED DRILLING INVENTORY LOWER OPEX PER BOE** LOWER ARO (FEWER WELLS AND FACILITIES) **LOWER GHG EMISSIONS INTENSITY**

Enhancing our asset base to increase resilience and long-term profitability



STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION

NET DEBT VS FFO*



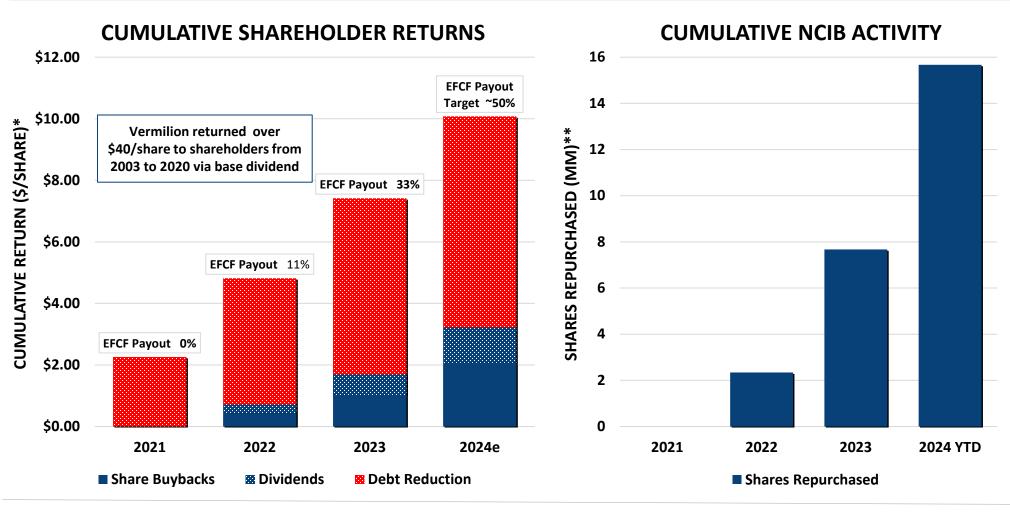
Execution on debt reduction and asset high-grade shifts focus to key growth project execution

^{* 2019-2023} reflects period-end net debt to four quarter trailing fund flows from operations, for further information refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Specified Financial Measures" section in Vermilion's MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Production for 2019-2023 reflects actual production per annual report. Results for 2024e and 2025e, including net debt to trailing FFO and FFO per share, based on company estimates using September 3, 2024 strip pricing (above).





COMPOUNDING SHAREHOLDER RETURNS



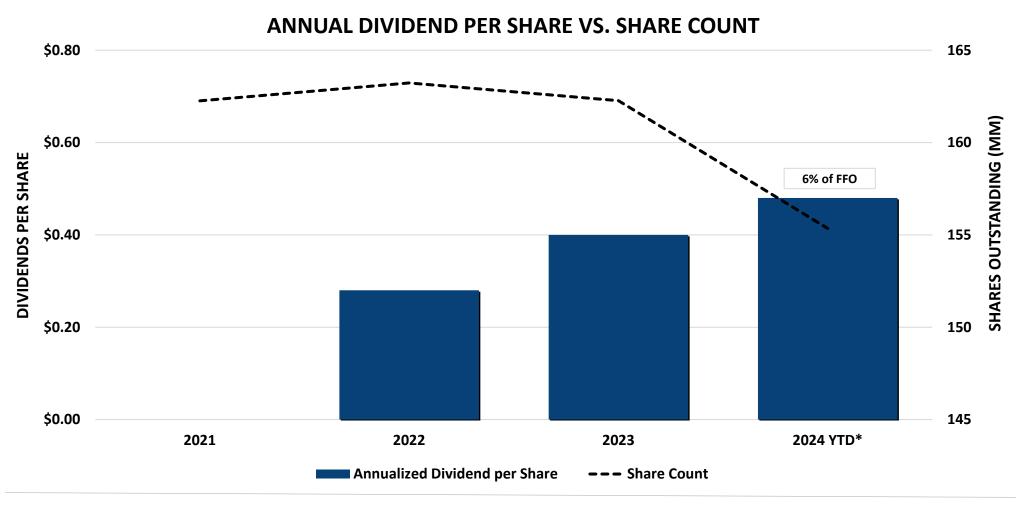
Long track record of return of capital

^{* 2021-2023} reflects actual cumulative share buybacks, dividends, and debt reduction. Debt reduction determined as change in net debt, refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Specified Financial Measures" section in Vermilion's MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Results for 2024e based on Company estimates using September 3, 2024 strip pricing (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide). ** Shares repurchased per annual financial statements, 2024 YTD as of September 30, 2024.





IMPACTFUL RETURN OF CAPITAL



Decreasing share count contributes to ratable dividend increases



^{*} Shares outstanding at September 30, 2024.





ADVANTAGES OF INTERNATIONAL DIVERSIFICATION

EXPOSURE TO PREMIUM COMMODITY PRICES DRIVES TOP QUARTILE NETBACKS

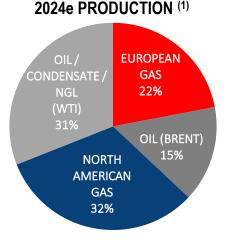
ASSET DIVERSIFICATION REDUCES RISK AND CASHFLOW VOLATILITY

CONVENTIONAL ASSETS REDUCE CORPORATE DECLINE RATE

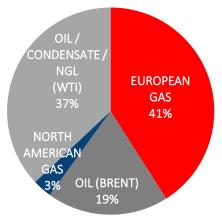
BROADER CAPITAL ALLOCATION SELECTION OPTIMIZES RETURNS

OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE THROUGH COLLABORATION & CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

ACCESS TO UNIQUE HIGH RETURN INTERNATIONAL ACQUISITION OPPORTUNITIES





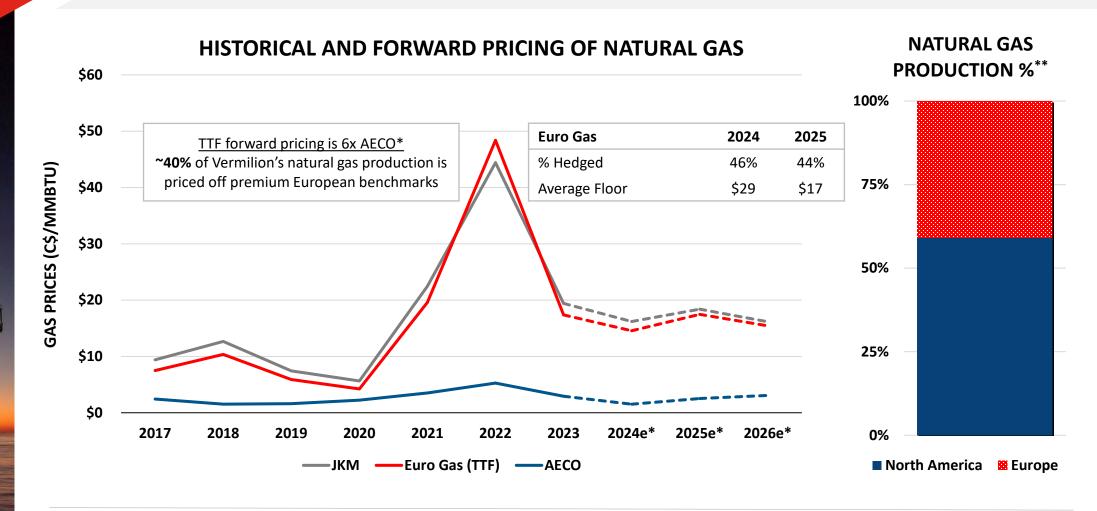


Diversified asset base drives high netbacks, low decline, and enhanced capital allocation





EUROPEAN GAS PRICE ADVANTAGE



European natural gas prices trade at a significant premium to North American benchmarks

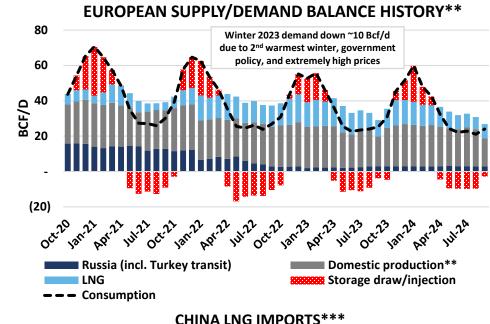


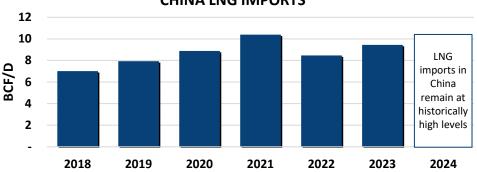
^{* 2017 – 2023:} Actual prices. 2024e-2026e forward price as at September 3, 2024 strip pricing (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide for 2024e and 2025e, 2026e is for illustrative purposes only). TTF premium to AECO based on 2024-26 strip pricing. ** Production % based on company 2024 estimates as at September 3, 2024.



STRUCTURAL DRIVERS FOR EUROPEAN GAS

- Europe* consumes an average of ~40 Bcf/d, with a 30 Bcf/d swing between summer and winter
- Russian supply has decreased ~12 bcf/d and domestic supply continues to decline
- Europe becoming increasingly dependent on LNG imports and must compete with the rest of the world for LNG
 - Despite high storage levels, Europe must still be active in sourcing LNG to meet demand
- Global LNG demand continues to increase
 - EU recognizes natural gas as transition fuel with many countries planning to phase out nuclear and coal
 - China's LNG capacity expected to double between 2020-2025 and India stated intention to be largest LNG importer by 2030
 - Limited new LNG supply prior to 2025/26 and much of the new supply in 2025+ is secured with long-term contracts





Strong LNG fundamentals point to elevated European gas prices

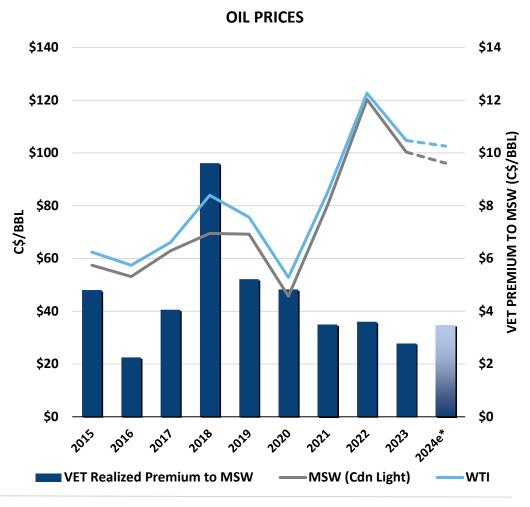


^{*} Europe for the purposes of this discussion defined as EU27+UK ** Source: Refinitiv, September 2024, domestic production includes EU and UK production and direct pipeline supply from Norway, North Africa and Azerbaijan. *** Source: Refinitiv, September 2024.



GLOBAL CRUDE OIL PRICING ADVANTAGE

- Vermilion's global crude oil portfolio sells at an average \$4/bbl premium to the Canadian light oil benchmark (MSW)
- Approximately one-third of Vermilion's crude oil production is priced with reference to Dated Brent
 - 13,000 bbls/d** of production sells at premium to WTI
 - Vermilion's Australian crude sells at ~US\$14/bbl premium to Dated Brent
- Vermilion has significant leverage to oil prices
 - US\$1/bbl increase generates approximately \$11MM of incremental FFO on an annual unhedged basis

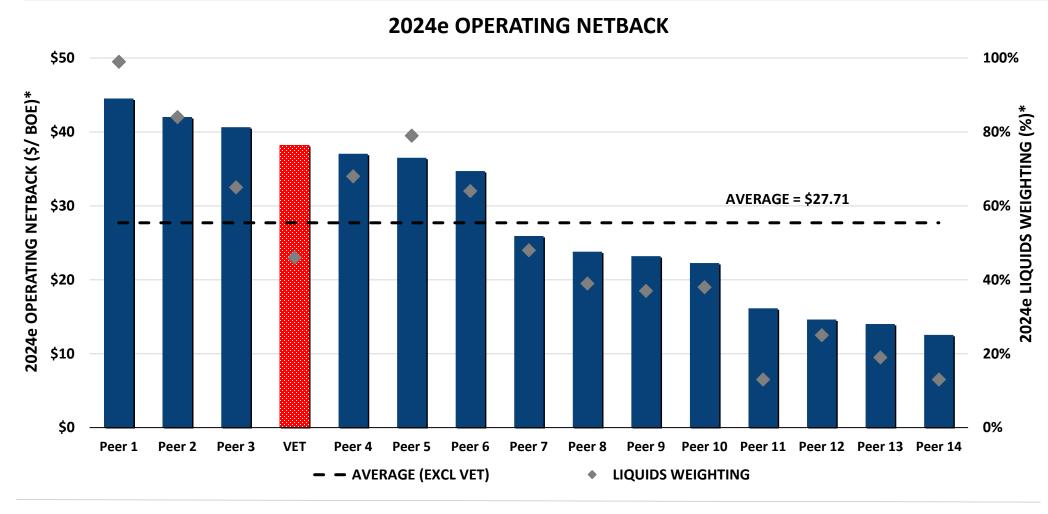


Vermilion's oil portfolio provides exposure to price-advantaged benchmarks



^{* 2015 – 2023:} Actual prices. 2024e forward price as at September 3, 2024 strip pricing (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide). ** Based on company 2024 estimates as at September 3, 2024.

PREMIUM OPERATING NETBACKS



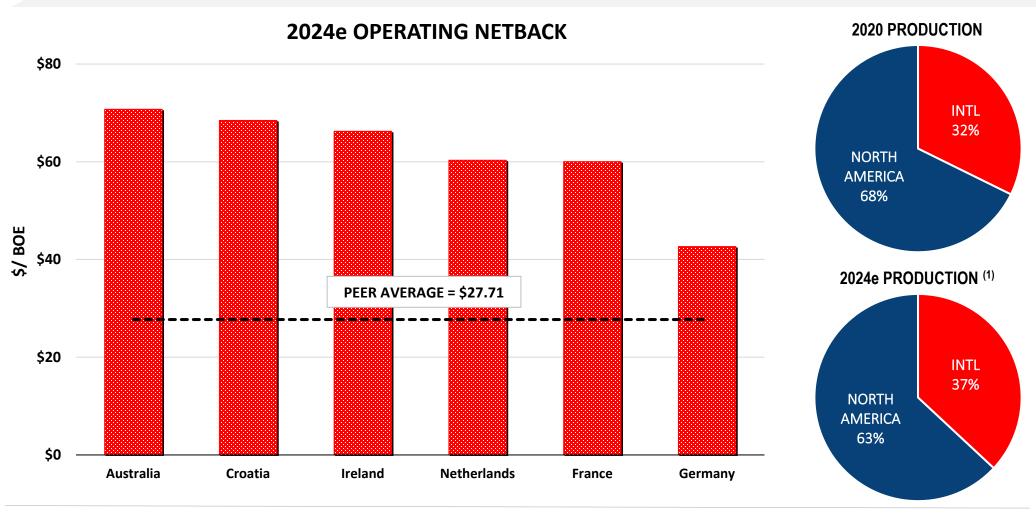
Exposure to premium commodity prices drives top quartile netbacks



^{*} Source: RBC Capital Markets estimates as of September 3, 2024, based on RBC 2024 futures pricing as follows: WTI US\$79.10/bbl; NYMEX US\$2.45/mmbtu; AECO C\$1.86/mcf. Operating netback defined as field netback excluding hedging.



INTERNATIONAL OPERATING NETBACKS



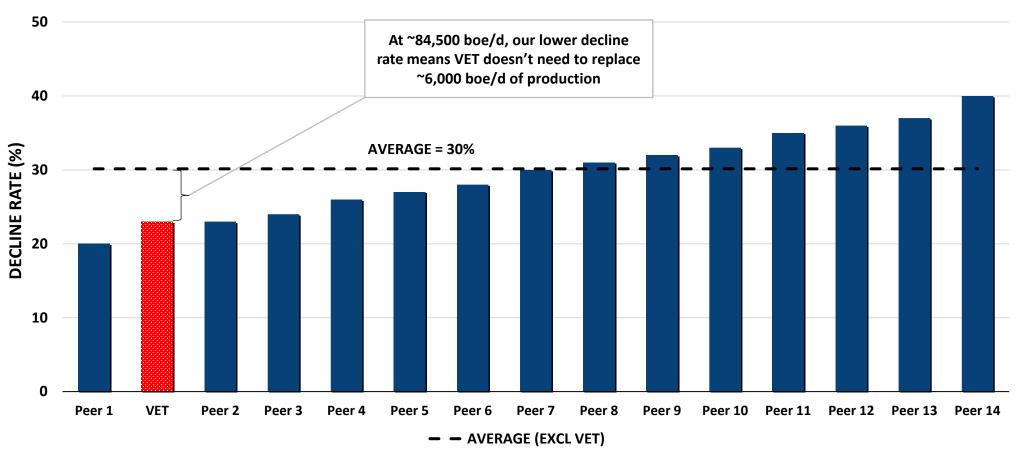
International assets generate strong netbacks on premium pricing



^{*} Source: Based on company 2024 estimates and 2024 full year average reference prices as at September 3, 2024 (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide), cash flow netback including hedging. For more details on pricing assumptions, refer to the "Pricing and FFO Sensitivity" slide. (1) Based on company 2024 estimates and 2024 full year average reference prices as at September 3, 2024 (see Pricing and FFO Sensitivity slide).

LOW DECLINE ASSETS

BASE PRODUCTION DECLINE



Vermilion's more conventional assets have a lower decline rate than unconventional peers



^{*} Source: Peters estimates as of September 3, 2024, except VET which uses internal estimates as of September 3, 2024. Decline rate is the reduction in the rate of production from one period to the next, typically expressed on an annual basis. Management uses decline rate to assess future productivity of the Company's assets.



GLOBAL OPERATIONAL EXPERTISE



OVER 900 HORIZONTAL
WELLS DRILLED IN
NORTH AMERICA

OVER 80 WELLS
DRILLED IN EUROPE
SINCE 2010





VALUE DRIVEN ACQUISITION STRATEGY



Target underexploited consolidation opportunities and new development within existing core areas

- Accretive while minimizing equity dilution to maximize per share value
- Generates strong free cash flow in a mid-pricing environment to support a sustainable dividend



Differentiated European franchise with 27 years operating in Europe and acquiring from the majors

- We understand the regulatory environment and have built strong relationships with the key stakeholders
- Will continue to be patient and opportunistic



Proven track record of acquiring and developing multi-zone horizons in North American basins

- Building on our success in the Deep Basin, we target core areas with multi-zone development potential and infrastructure synergies
- Will continue to evaluate small tuck-in acquisitions to further strengthen our core areas

Focused on opportunistic European gas acquisitions







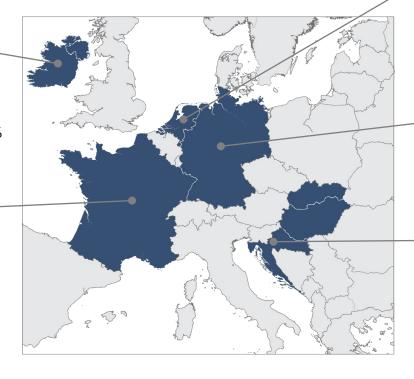


IRELAND

- 56.5% operated interest in the Corrib Natural Gas Project
- Corrib represents 100% of Ireland's domestic gas production
- Q2 2024 production = 9,616 boe/d (100% gas)

FRANCE

- #1 domestic oil producer with two-thirds of the domestic industry
- Extensive inventory of workovers, recompletions, and infill drilling
- Q2 2024 production = 7,246 boe/d (100% oil)



NETHERLANDS

- #2 onshore gas producer
- 800,000 net acres of undeveloped land
- Q2 2024 production = 4,524 boe/d (99% gas)

GERMANY

- 700,000 net acres of undeveloped land
- Q2 2024 production = 4,766 boe/d (64% gas)

CENTRAL & EASTERN EUROPE

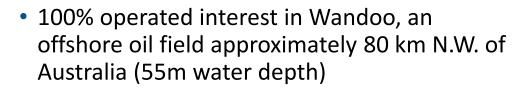
- Focused on under-invested basins prospective for both oil and natural gas that can benefit from new technology
- 300,000 net acres across two licenses in Croatia prospective for natural gas and oil
- SA-10 gas plant in Croatia started-up in late June 2024

Producing ~30,000 boe/d of essential energy in Europe with room for growth





AUSTRALIA



- Horizontal well development with 21 producing wellbores and five dual lateral sidetracks tied into two platforms
- New wells drilled every 2-3 years
- Q2 2024 production = 3,713 boe/d (100% oil)
- Wandoo crude sells at ~US\$14/bbl premium to Dated Brent



Stable asset delivering premium to Brent pricing and strong free cash flow







- Targeting liquids-rich gas in the Peace River Arch straddling the AB and BC border
- ~80,000 net acres of Montney rights in the Mica area in the Peace River Arch

DEEP BASIN

- Targeting light oil and condensaterich natural gas
- ~480,000 net acres in West
 Pembina targeting the Mannville
 (2,400 2,700m depth) and
 Cardium (1,800m) formations with shared surface infrastructure

CANADA

Q2 2024 production = 48,943 boe/d (46% liquids)



UNITED STATES

Q2 2024 production = 6,044 boe/d (80% liquids)

SOUTHEAST SASKATCHEWAN

- Targeting light oil in conventional reservoirs
- ~275,000 net acres of land with development potential in stacked, high-return targets

WYOMING

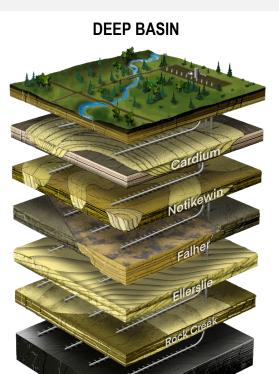
- Targeting light oil opportunities in the Powder River Basin in NE Wyoming
- ~85,000 net acres in the Powder River Basin targeting the Turner (2,750m), Niobrara (2,600m) and Parkman (1,950m) formations
- Approximately 15,000 net acres prospective for Niobrara and Parkman

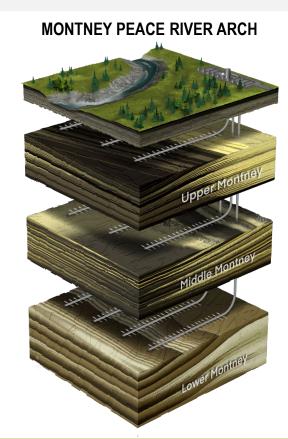
Exposure to multiple high-return resource plays across North America



EXPANDING MULTI-ZONE DEVELOPMENT









Apply Deep Basin learnings to Montney and PRB assets

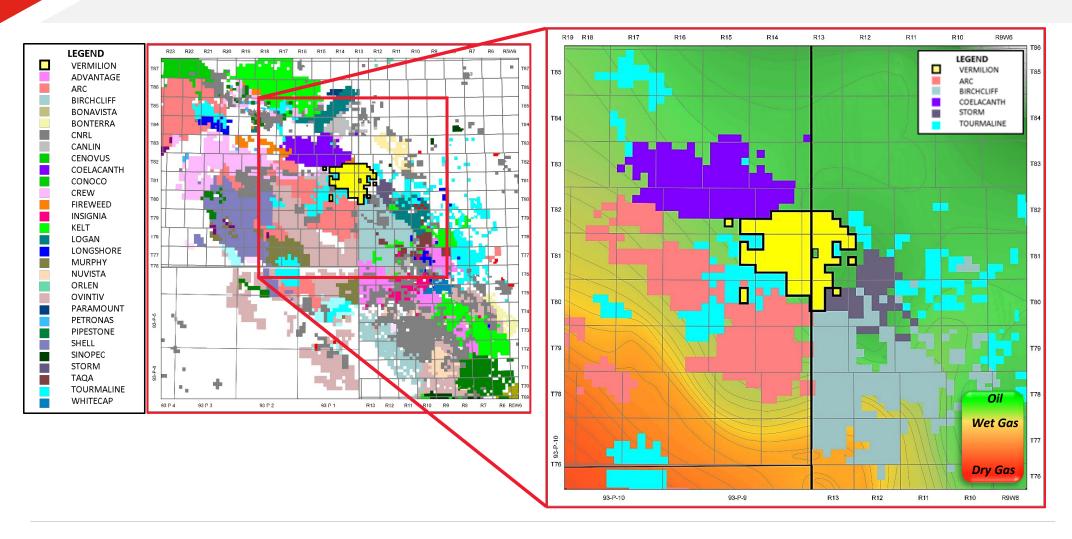
Develop and delineate highest return zones in the stack

Allocate capital to optimize asset free cashflow

Multi-zone development provides inventory upside and maximizes return on investment



PREMIUM MONTNEY ACREAGE



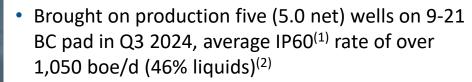
A significant and contiguous premium acreage block in the oil window of the Montney

Source: Land information sourced from XI Technologies Asset Book

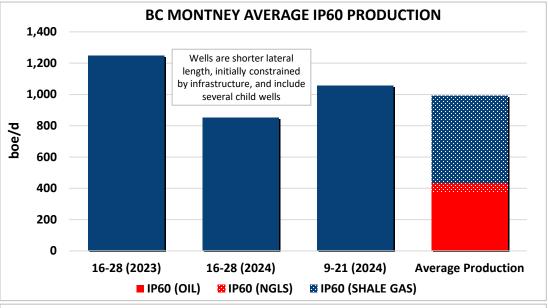


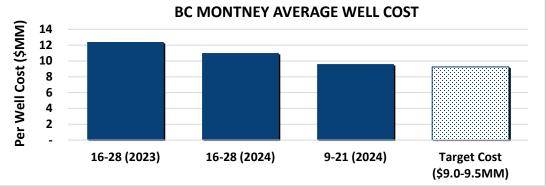


BC MONTNEY WELL RESULTS

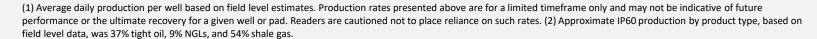


- Average lateral length ~2,900m, initial results in-line with 3,200m type curve
- Realized cost savings of ~15% (~\$1MM per well) on 9-21 completions due to water savings and more efficient operations
 - Average well cost reduced to \$9.6MM, expect further cost savings on future wells with addition of water hub with target cost of \$9.0-9.5MM per well
 - ~50% increase in frac stages per day, ~30% lower water usage compared to previous wells





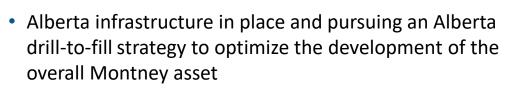
Continuous improvement drives efficiencies on our BC Montney assets



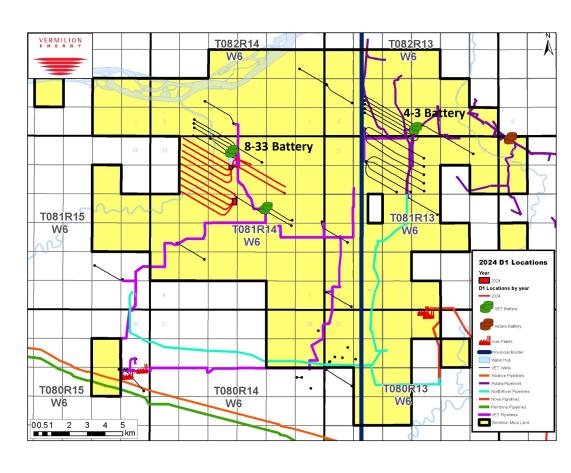




MONTNEY DEVELOPMENT



- Focus is building out BC infrastructure, construction of 16,000 boe/d battery completed in Q2 2024
 - Battery and water hub infrastructure has achieved 99% run time since starting up
- New battery allows us to grow our Montney production, targeting average of ~14,000 boe/d in 2025
- Long-term development plans target production base of 28,000 boe/d with majority of future development occurring in BC



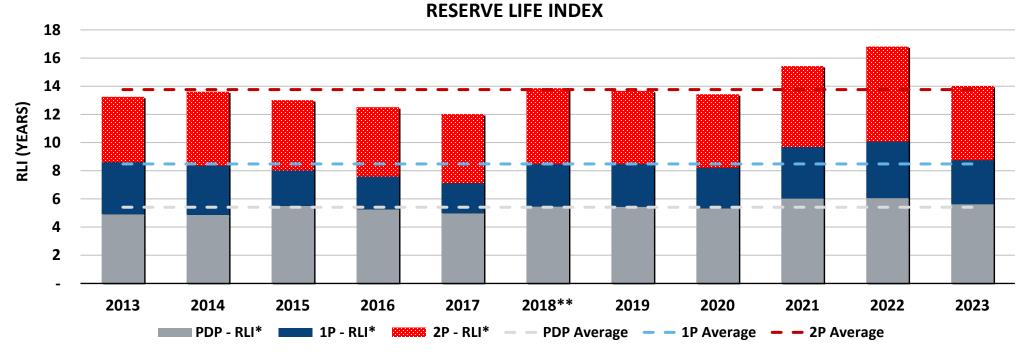
Focused on development of high-quality BC Montney





2023 RESERVES





	Proved Developed			Proved Plus
BOE (mboe) ⁽¹⁾	Producing	Proved	Probable	Probable
North America	112,204	195,685	120,355	316,040
International	60,502	72,700	41,098	113,798
Vermilion	172,706	268,385	161,453	429,838

Current inventory supports long-term development plan, maintains production & geographic mix for 10+ years

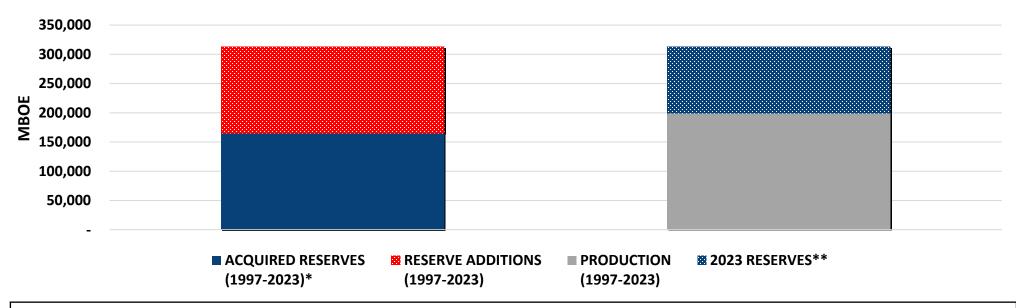


^{*} RLI calculated using year-end PDP, 1P and 2P reserves divided by production for the year. ** 2018 RLI adjusted to reflect full year production impact from Spartan acquisition.
(1) Estimated gross proved, developed and producing, total proved, total probable, and total proved plus probable reserves as evaluated by McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. ("McDaniel") in a report dated March 5, 2024 with an effective date of December 31, 2023 (the "2023 McDaniel Reserves Report").



HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

ACQUIRED 2P RESERVES VS. POST-ACQUISITION PRODUCTION AND 2P RESERVES



France Entered in 1997, acquired producing fields in 2006, added working interest in 2012

Germany Entered in 2014, farm-in agreement in 2015, acquired producing fields in 2016, added working interest in 2021

Ireland Entered in 2009, first gas from Corrib in 2015, added working interest in Corrib in 2018 and 2023

Netherlands Entered in 2004, consolidated and added working interest in 2013 and 2018

Australia Entered in 2005, acquired 60% working interest in Wandoo, remaining 40% working interest acquired in 2007

Growing our international reserves via acquisitions from majors and efficient exploitation



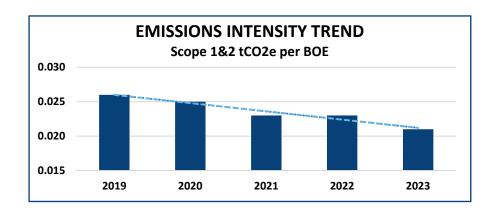
^{*} Acquired reserves per 1997-2023 annual information forms as follows: France 1997 (22.6mmboe), 2006 (13.6mmboe), 2012 (13.1mmboe); Germany 2014 (10.1mmboe), 2016 (9.1mmboe), 2021 (10.5mmboe); Ireland 2009 (17.5mmboe), 2018 (2.0mmboe), 2023 (17.2mmboe); Netherlands 2004 (16.5mmboe), 2013 (2.4mmboe), 2018 (5.0mmboe), Australia 2005 (16.2mmboe), 2007 (9.5mmboe). Does not include immaterial (<1mmboe) acquisitions. ** Estimated gross proved, developed and producing, total proved, and total proved plus probable reserves as evaluated by McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. ("McDaniel") in a report dated March 5, 2024 with an effective date of December 31, 2023 (the "2023 McDaniel Reserves Report").





Vermilion's Purpose:

To responsibly produce essential energy while delivering long-term value to our people, shareholders, customers, partners and communities





Environment

- Reduced our Scope 1 emissions intensity by 12% since 2019⁽¹⁾
- Tangible plan to reduce well count and restore sites, reduced well count by >1,500 net wells in 2023 through dispositions and reclamation investment



- Geothermal energy for Parentis greenhouse supports 250 direct jobs
- Geothermal energy for La-Teste eco-neighborhood saves 50% on heating costs, 500 tonnes/year of CO2



Governance

- Board diversity, including 30% female members
- Executive and employee compensation linked to ESG metrics

Read more at <u>vermilionenergy.com/sustainability</u>

(1) Emissions calculated in general accordance with GHG Protocol and IPCC guidance; reported intensities are based on operated throughput; Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions externally verified (limited assurance) in accordance with ISO 14064-3 standard.



STRONG ESG FOCUS









Vermilion is committed to

- Reducing the environmental impact of safe, responsible energy production
- Caring for our people and communities, and
- Maintaining our strong corporate governance

Emission Reduction Focus

- On track to reducing Scope 1 emissions intensity by 15% to 20% by 2025 (baseline 2019)
- New target to reduce Scope 1 + Scope 2 emissions intensity by 25% to 30% by 2030 (baseline 2019)

Industry leader in sustainability and ESG performance

- CDP Climate score of "A-" and Water score of "B" in 2022 (submitted but not scored in 2023)
- S&P Global's Corporate Sustainability Assessment: 91st percentile for our industry in 2023
- MSCI ESG Research "AAA" ESG Rating in 2024*
- Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS) QualityScore: decile rating "1" for both Environmental and Social
- Certified via Equitable Origin under the EO100™ Standard for Responsible Energy Development (2017) for our West Pembina area natural gas production sites in Alberta

Read more at <u>vermilionenergy.com/sustainability</u>

^{*} The use by Vermilion Energy Inc of any MSCI ESG Research LLC or its affiliates ("MSCI") data, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement, recommendation, or promotion of Vermilion by MSCI. MSCI services and data are the property of MSCI or its information providers and are provided 'as-is' and without warranty, MSCI names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSCI.



SUSTAINABILITY PROJECTS



Advancing environmental projects in communities where we live and work



PARENTIS SUSTAINABILITY PARTNERSHIP

- Our geothermal energy tomato greenhouse project in Parentis, France provides 8 MW of renewable energy annually
- Prevents emission of 10,000t of CO2/year
- Produces 7,500t of tomatoes per year and has created 250 direct agricultural jobs in a region in need of investment



LA TESTE ECO-NEIGHBOURHOOD

- Our oil operations provide 1MW of geothermal energy to an eco-neighborhood
- 30-year partnership provides up to 80% of the energy required for 550 homes
- Prevents the emission of 500t of CO2/year and reduces heating bills by 50%



VIC BILH ENERGY TRANSITION

- One of four geothermal applications from our produced water in France
- Our facility provides geothermal heat to a nearby Fleur de Vie facility that produces high quality spirulina, a microalgae with a wide variety of uses
- Production capacity of 50t of spirulina per year



BIODIVERSITY IN IRELAND

- Our biodiversity action plan exemplifies how we manage our activities in Ireland with a focus on protecting the habitats and species around us
- We are committed to maintaining an increase of species diversity in maturing habitats and exploring opportunities for further enhancement
- Increases societal awareness of the ecological values of the landscape, its habitats and species

Enhancing economic opportunities through innovation and partnerships





SUMMARY





International energy company with 30 years operating in Europe and North America



Diversified portfolio delivers outsized free cash flow, with top quartile netbacks, low declines, and enhanced capital allocation optionality



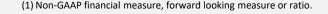
Strong FCF⁽¹⁾ underpinned by robust asset base and unique opportunity for high-return international deals



Financially disciplined with a focus on a strong balance sheet and increasing return of capital



Strong focus on ESG and sustainability performance for more than a decade











COMMODITY PRICES*	2024e	2025e
Brent (US\$/bbl)	\$80.84	\$71.78
WTI (US\$/bbl)	\$75.55	\$67.37
LSB = WTI less (US\$/bbl)	\$ 6.31	\$ 5.75
MSW = WTI less (US\$/bbl)	\$ 4.75	\$ 3.74
TTF (\$/mmbtu)	\$14.56	\$17.47
NBP (\$/mmbtu)	\$14.22	\$17.71
AECO (\$/mcf)	\$ 1.52	\$ 2.53
Henry Hub (US\$/mmbtu)	\$ 2.21	\$ 3.14
CAD/USD	1.36	1.35
CAD/EUR	1.48	1.50
CAD/AUD	0.90	0.91
EUR/GBP	1.18	1.17

2024 FFO SENSITIVITY (C\$MM)**			
	Change	FFO Impact (C\$) Hedged	
WTI & Brent	US\$1/bbl	\$5MM	
LSB / WTI Differential	US\$1/bbl	\$7MM	
TTF & NBP	\$1.00/mmbtu	\$18MM	
NA Gas Prices	\$0.25/mmbtu	\$11MM	
CAD/USD	\$0.01	\$13MM	
CAD/EUR	\$0.01	\$3MM	

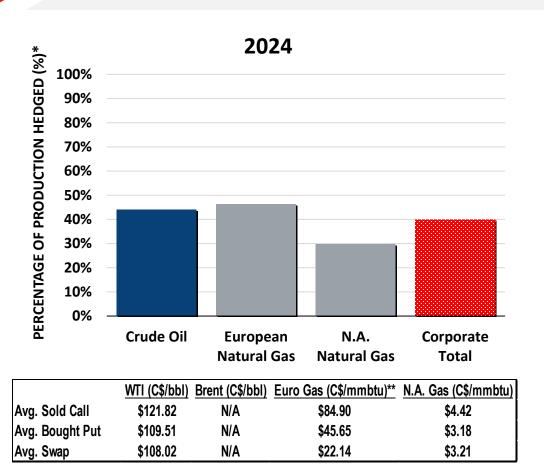


^{*}Commodity price assumptions listed have been reflected throughout this presentation using the September 3, 2024 strip, unless otherwise noted. ** Annual FFO sensitivity based on company 2024 estimates, with 2024 full year average reference prices as at July 18, 2024.

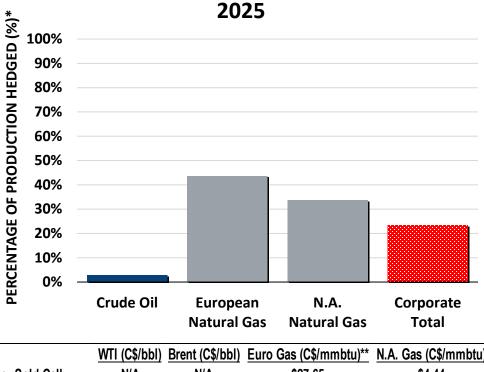
VERMILION ENERGY

COMMODITY HEDGE POSITION





■ BRENT ■ NATURAL GAS



	WTI (C\$/bbl)	Brent (C\$/bbl)	Euro Gas (C\$/mmbtu)**	N.A. Gas (C\$/mmbtu)
Avg. Sold Call	N/A	N/A	\$27.65	\$4.44
Avg. Bought Put	N/A	N/A	\$19.91	\$3.15
Avg. Swap	\$103.83	N/A	\$21.26	\$3.89

■ WTI

BRENT NATURAL GAS

Visit <u>vermilionenergy.com/Invest-with-us/hedging</u> for more detailed hedging information



^{*}Company estimates as at September 27, 2024. Hedge percentages based on contract volumes as a percentage of net of royalty production and excludes Basis swaps on North American natural gas.



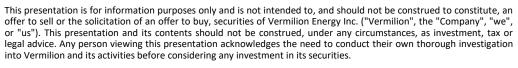
BUDGET AND GUIDANCE



Category	2024 Guidance ⁽¹⁾	2024 Drilling Program	Well Count
Production (boe/d)	83,000 - 86,000	Germany	3 gross (2.3 net)
E&D capital expenditures (\$MM)	\$600 - 625	Croatia	4 gross (2.4 net)
Royalty rate (% of sales)	9 - 11%	International Total	7 gross (4.7 net)
Operating (\$/boe)	\$17.00 - 18.00	Montney	12 gross (12.0 net)
Transportation (\$/boe)	\$3.00 - 3.50	Alberta Deep Basin	14 gross (12.4 net)
General and administration (\$/boe)	\$2.50 - 3.00	Saskatchewan	17 gross (17.0 net)
Cash taxes (% of pre-tax FFO)	7 - 9%	United States (non-op)	12 gross (1.9 net)
Asset retirement obligations settled (\$MM)	\$60	North America Total	55 gross (43.3 net)
Payments on lease obligations (\$MM) ⁽²⁾	\$30 - 60	Vermilion Total	62 gross (48.0 net)







All references are to Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this presentation may constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian and United States securities laws (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "forcus", "may", "will", "project", "could", "plan", "intend", "should", "believe", "outlook", "potential", "target", "seek", "budget", "predict", "might" and similar words suggesting future events or future performance. All statements other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this presentation may include, but are not limited to, matters relating to: business strategies, 2024 budget and guidance, plans and objectives (including over the near, medium and longerterm); forecast (or estimated) fund flows from operations (FFO), free cash flow (FCF), and excess free cash flow (EFCF), FCF yield, net debt, production, production mix and FFO contribution; commodity pricing and FFO sensitivity; dividends; capital allocation priorities and share buybacks; European natural gas demand and supply, taxes and royalties; and hedging. In addition, statements relating to "reserves" are deemed to be forward-looking statements as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, that the reserves described exist in the quantities predicted or estimated and can be profitably produced in the future.

Although Vermilion believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because Vermilion can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Financial outlooks are provided for the purpose of understanding Vermilion's financial position and business objectives, and the information may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements are based on Vermilion's current expectations and assumptions and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could materially affect future results. In addition to assumptions identified in this presentation, assumptions have also been made, among other things, regarding: availability of equipment, services and supplies; marketing of crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas; timely receipt of required regulatory approvals; foreign currency exchange rates and interest and inflation rates; taxes and royalties; and timing and results of development activities. Risks include, but are not limited to, general economic risks and uncertainties, future commodity prices, exchange rates, interest rates, geological risk, political risk, regulatory approval risk, production demand, transportation restrictions, risks associated with COVID-19, changes in tax, royalty and regulatory regimes and risks associated with international activities. Additional risks and uncertainties are described in Vermilion's most recent Annual Information Form ("AIF") and Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") which are available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on the SEC's EDGAR system at www.sec.gov.

Forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof and Vermilion undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, unless required by applicable securities laws.

ESG Data

This presentation contains references to sustainability/ESG data and performance that reflect metrics and concepts that are commonly used in such frameworks as the Global Reporting Initiative, the Task Force on Climate-related Financial

Disclosures, and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board. Vermilion has used best efforts to align with the most commonly accepted methodologies for ESG reporting, including with respect to climate data and information on potential future risks and opportunities, in order to provide a fuller context for our current and future operations. However, these methodologies are not yet standardized, are frequently based on calculation factors that change over time, and continue to evolve rapidly. Readers are particularly cautioned to evaluate the underlying definitions and measures used by other companies, as these may not be comparable to Vermilion's. While Vermilion will continue to monitor and adapt its reporting accordingly, the Company is not under any duty to update or revise the related sustainability/ESG data or statements except as required by applicable securities laws.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Ratios

This presentation includes references to certain financial measures and ratios which do not have standardized meanings prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and therefore may not be comparable with calculations of similar measures and ratios by other companies. These measures and ratios include "net debt", "net debt-to-FFO", "E&D capital expenditures", "FCF", "ECFC", "net debt-to-trailing FFO" and "annual EFCF payout".

Management believes that, in conjunction with results presented in accordance with IFRS, these measures and ratios assist in providing a more complete understanding of certain aspects of Vermilion's results of operations and financial performance. Readers are cautioned, however, that these measures and ratios should not be construed as an alternative to measures determined in accordance with IFRS as an indication of our performance. For a full description of these financial measures and ratios and a reconciliation of these measures and ratios to their most directly comparable GAAP measures and ratios, please refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Specified Financial Measures" section of the MD&A which information is incorporated by reference herein.

Reserves Advisories

All reserves estimates in this presentation are derived from an evaluation report dated March 5, 2024 with an effective date of December 31, 2023 are prepared by McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. (the "McDaniel Report"), an independent qualified reserves evaluator, in accordance with the Canadian Oil and Gas Evaluation Handbook and National Instrument 51-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities. For a full description of the McDaniel Report, including the forecast price and cost assumptions used therein, please refer to the AIF.

This presentation includes reference to certain metrics commonly used in the oil and gas industry. These oil and gas metrics do not have any standardized meaning or standard methods of calculation and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies where similar terminology is used and should therefore not be used to make comparisons. Readers are cautioned as to the reliability of oil and gas metrics used in this presentation. These oil and gas metrics include "reserve life index" and "decline rates".

Management uses these oil and gas metrics for its own performance measurements and to provide readers with measures to compare the Company's performance over time; however, such measures are not reliable indicators of the Company's future performance, which may not compare to the Company's performance in previous periods, and therefore should not be unduly relied upon.

Certain natural gas volumes have been converted on the basis of six thousand cubic feet of gas to one barrel equivalent of oil. Barrels of oil equivalent (boes) may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet to one barrel of oil is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead.

